



ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

IN ACCORDANCE WITH EN 15804+A2 & ISO 14025

LED mirror cabinets, Lumena
Polaria Oy



EPD HUB, HUB-6243

Published on 03.06.2026, last updated on 03.06.2026, valid until 03.06.2031

Life Cycle Assessment study has been performed in accordance with the requirements of EN 15804, EPD Hub PCR version 1.2 (24 Mar 2025) and JRC characterization factors EF 3.1.



Created with One Click LCA

polaria

GENERAL INFORMATION

MANUFACTURER

Manufacturer	Polaria Oy
Address	4 Yrittäjätie, Mäntyharju, Finland
Contact details	myynti@polaria.fi
Website	www.polaria.fi

EPD STANDARDS, SCOPE AND VERIFICATION

Program operator	EPD Hub, hub@epdhub.com
Reference standard	EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 and ISO 14025
PCR	EPD Hub Core PCR Version 1.2, 24 Mar 2025
Sector	Construction product
Category of EPD	Third party verified EPD
Parent EPD number	
Scope of the EPD	Cradle to gate with options, A4-B7, and modules C1-C4, D
EPD author	Rami Leppänen, Polaria Oy
EPD verification	Independent verification of this EPD and data, according to ISO 14025: ☐ Internal verification ☒ External verification
EPD verifier	Yazan Badour as an authorized verifier for EPD Hub

This EPD is intended for business-to-business and/or business-to-consumer communication. The manufacturer has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. EPDs within the same product category but from different programs may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804 and if they are not compared in a building context.

PRODUCT

Product name	LED mirror cabinets, Lumena
Additional labels	-
Product reference	V21535, V21545, V21350, V21395
Place(s) of raw material origin	EU
Place of production	Finland
Place(s) of installation and use	Finland
Period for data	Calendar year 2024
Averaging in EPD	No grouping
Variation in GWP-fossil for A1-A3 (%)	
GTIN (Global Trade Item Number)	6417292022537, 6417292022544, 6417292022339, 6417292022346
NOBB (Norwegian Building Product Database)	-
A1-A3 Specific data (%)	64,1

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA SUMMARY

Declared unit	Steel cabinet with LED light source that delivers artificial luminous flux of 1470 lumens for 15 years.
Declared unit mass	10,9kg
Mass of packaging	0,95 kg
GWP-fossil, A1-A3 (kgCO ₂ e)	36,6
GWP-total, A1-A3 (kgCO ₂ e)	35,4
Secondary material, inputs (%)	3,25
Total energy use, A1-A3 (kWh)	160
Net freshwater use, A1-A3 (m ³)	0,21

PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER

ABOUT THE MANUFACTURER

Polaria Oy was founded in 1970 in Mäntyharju, Finland. Polaria manufactures high-quality and durable bathroom furniture for the Finnish and Swedish markets. Its main customers are wholesalers, hardware stores and construction companies.

Polaria's durable steel bathroom furnishings are made for living. Polaria is a Finnish company that has been manufacturing and selling steel bathroom furnishings for more than 50 years. Polaria products are made of powder-painted steel with nanoceramic finishing and therefore have excellent water resistance. We have been working for over half a century for a functional and sustainable everyday life.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Polaria's mirror cabinets are suitable for all types of bathrooms, from detached houses to apartment buildings and from row houses to cottage environments. Special attention has been paid to practicality in the design of the mirror cabinets. A mirror cabinet is an excellent hiding place for toothbrushes and a great storage space for small bathroom items. The metal mirror cabinet is also easy to keep clean and is designed to withstand the pace of everyday life. The edge of the bottom shelf ensures that even the smallest items stay inside the cabinet. Thanks to the double-sided mirrors, you can easily view yourself from different angles. The product is 100% recyclable. Equipped with an LED module, Lumena provides enough light to illuminate the entire bathroom, as the light also directs upward. Installation is easy because the product is delivered pre-assembled. Please note, however, that if the product includes electrical components, all electrical work and connections must always be carried out by an authorized electrician. 10-year warranty!

Further information can be found at: www.polaria.fi

PRODUCT RAW MATERIAL MAIN COMPOSITION

Raw material category	Amount, mass %	Material origin
Metals	64	EU
Minerals	34	EU
Fossil materials	2	EU
Bio-based materials	0	-

BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT

Product's biogenic carbon content at the factory gate

Biogenic carbon content in product, kg C	0
Biogenic carbon content in packaging, kg C	0,39

FUNCTIONAL UNIT AND SERVICE LIFE

Declared unit	1 unit of Lumena 550 LED cabinet.
Mass per declared unit	11,4 kg
Functional unit	Steel cabinet with LED light source that delivers artificial luminous flux of 1470 lumens for 15 years.
Reference service life	15 years

SUBSTANCES, REACH - VERY HIGH CONCERN

The product does not contain any REACH SVHC substances in amounts greater than 0,1 % (1000 ppm).

PRODUCT LIFE-CYCLE

SYSTEM BOUNDARY

This EPD covers the life-cycle modules listed in the following table.

Product stage			Assembly stage		Use stage							End of life stage				Beyond the system boundaries		
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
x	x	x	x	x	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	x	ND	x	x	x	x	x		
Raw materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction/ demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse	Recovery	Recycling

Not declared = ND.

MANUFACTURING AND PACKAGING (A1-A3)

Results calculated in this declaration are referent to product Lumena 550 VVS Right/Left. The environmental impacts considered for the product stage

cover the manufacturing of raw materials used in the production as well as packaging materials and other ancillary materials.

Also, fuels used by machines, and handling of waste formed in the production processes at the manufacturing facilities are included in this stage.

The study also considers the material losses occurring during the manufacturing processes as well as losses during electricity transmission. Lumena LED cabinets are manufactured at the Polaria Oy site in Mäntylharju, Finland. The product process consists of raw materials, cutting and shaping the product and packaging. During manufacturing steel plates are cut and shaped to form a cabinet. Cutting will result in manufacturing waste which is taken account on the manufacturing. Manufacturing waste (steel) is sold to a scraper.

After forming the cabinet is washed and painted giving its nanoceramic protection. Some of the assembly is automated. Each LED cabinet's light and electrical parts are tested after assembly. Cabinets are packed to cardboard boxes, stacked on wooden pallets that will be reused and wrapped to plastic film and shipped (average 97 km) to temporary storage, retailers' site or construction site.

Production requires electricity, water and heat. Realized forms of energy production (2024) from Veni energy is used in modelling the electricity mix utilized in the factory. Slightly more than 10% of electricity comes from facility's own solar panels. Veni energy's electricity came from multiple sources. Majority (72%) of the electricity came from nuclear energy production followed by hydro electricity production (13,5%). Smaller amounts of electricity production came from peat (5,5%), wind (3,4%) and geothermal (0,2%). Washing water and the manufacturing plant is heated by bio-based district heat and gas is used to warm the furnace.

TRANSPORT AND INSTALLATION (A4-A5)

Transportation impacts occurred from final products delivery to construction site (A4) cover fuel direct exhaust emissions, environmental impacts of fuel production, as well as related infrastructure emissions.

A4: Transportation impacts occurred from final products delivery to construction site (A4) cover fuel direct exhaust emissions, environmental impacts of fuel production, as well as related infrastructure emissions. Average distance of transportation from production plant to retailers' site is 97 km and the transportation mode is lorry. Vehicle capacity utilization volume factor is assumed to be 1 which means full load. In reality, it may vary but as role of transportation emissions in total results is small, the variety in load is assumed to be negligible. To be conservative, empty returns are included in this study as implemented through an average load factor in the Ecoinvent transport datapoints. Transportation does not cause losses as product is packaged properly.

A5: There is no material losses associated with the installation process. Both electricity and material consumption during installation are considered negligible and do not contribute significantly to environmental impacts. Installation waste considered in module A5 includes packaging materials such as cardboard and wood.

Waste treatment assumptions:

- Cardboard: recycled 83%, incinerated 8 %, landfilled 9%
- Wood: recycled 32%, incinerated 30%, landfilled 38%

Waste is delivered to the nearest (50 km) waste treatment facility. The distance of waste transport is estimated to be typical in the EU. Cardboard and wood waste management of packaging materials is based on EU statistical data.

PRODUCT USE AND MAINTENANCE (B1-B7)

B1-B3, B5: These modules do not include any material or energy flows

B4: It is assumed that the lamp is used for approximately 3 hours per day, which corresponds to 1095 hours per year, or a total of 16425 hours over a 15-year period. The lamp has a Rated Service Life (RSL) of at least 25,000 hours, which is higher than the projected usage over those 15 years. As a result, the LED does not require replacement during its expected service life. Therefore, the environmental impacts associated with maintenance activities, such as replacing the light source, do not apply in this case.

B6: The use phase is considered, and emissions arising from the electricity consumption are calculated based on the following scenario:

LED light source delivers artificial luminous flux of 1470 lumens. With class D electricity efficiency, we can assume needed power per lumen to be 85 lm/W. Assuming use of 3 hours/day, 365 days/year, 15years, the power usage of the led tube is 84 kilowatt hours.

$$\frac{1470 \text{ lm}}{85 \text{ lm/W}} * 3 \text{ h} * 365 \text{ days} * 15 \text{ years} \approx 284 \text{ kWh}$$

Other models have different lumen outputs and with this equation B6 use phase can be calculated.

Air, soil, and water impacts during the use phase have not been studied.

PRODUCT END OF LIFE (C1-C4, D)

C1: The disassembly of the product unit is assumed to be done using hand tools, with the help of battery-powered electric tools. The amount of energy needed for disassembly is considered negligible.

C2-C4: The materials of the product are partly recyclable. Following end of life scenarios have been applied:

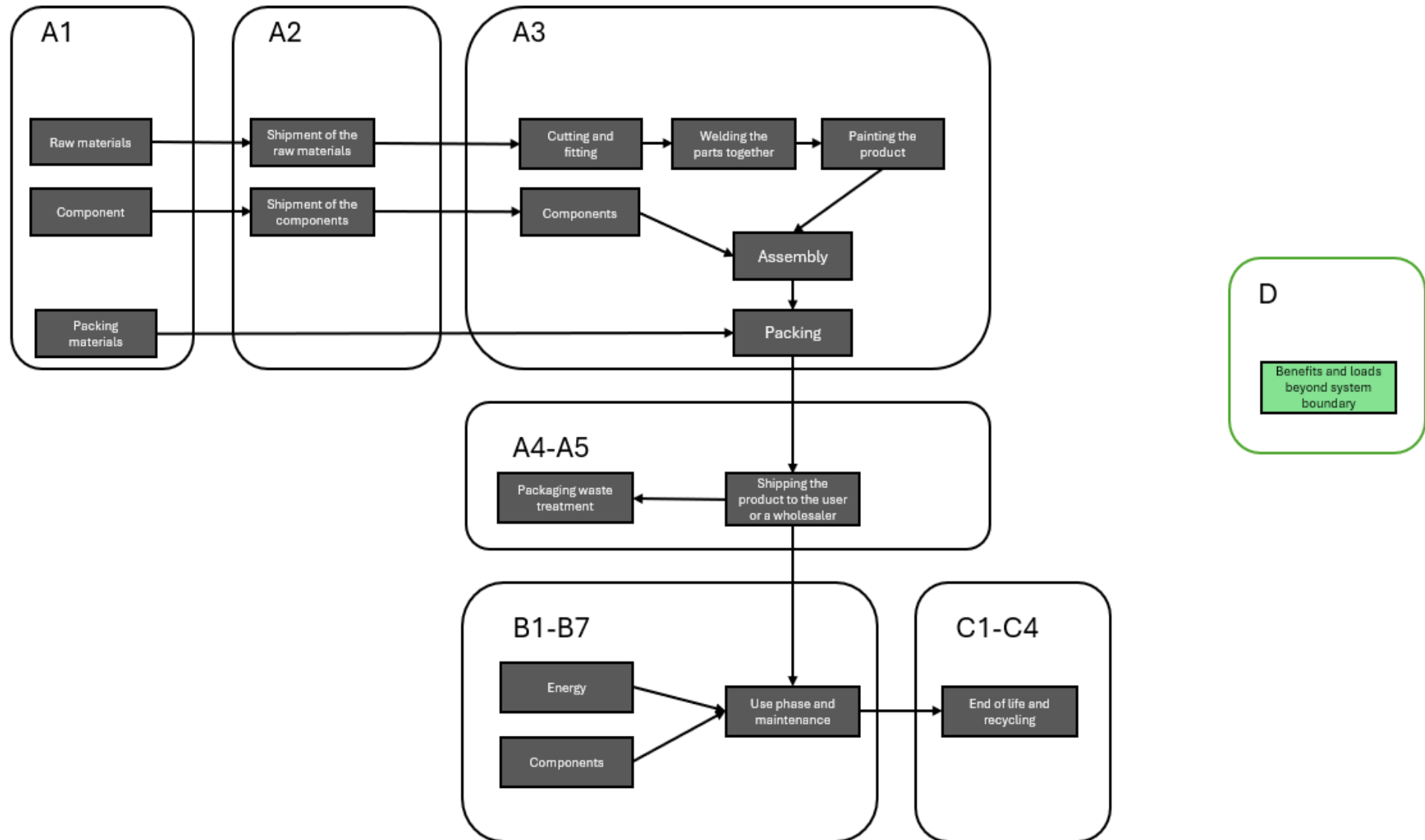
- Steel (including production losses): recycled 85%, landfilled 15% (Source: World Stainless 2024; ICDA 2023)
- LED lamps: recycled 60%, landfilled 40% (Source: EN 50693)
- Plastics: incinerated with energy recovery 40%, incinerated without energy recovery 20%, recycled 20%, landfilled 20% (Source: EN 50693)
- Electrical components: recycled 50%, landfilled 50% (Source: EN 50693)
- Ferrous metals: recycled 80%, landfilled 20% (Source: EN 50693)
- Mirrors: recycled 60%, landfilled 40% (Source: Gervasio & Dimova, JRC Technical Report, 2018)
- Copper wiring: recycled 60%, landfilled 40% (Source: EN 50693)

Waste transport distances (EU average estimates):

- 50 km to landfill
- 150km to incineration
- 250km to recycling

D: This module considers the environmental benefits resulting from energy and material recovery at the product's end of life. Recycling is modeled up to the point where the material reaches the end-of-waste state, making it ready for reuse. The benefits come from the substitution of virgin materials, such as steel, by recycled materials. Recycled material content in raw or packaging materials has been subtracted from the EoL recycled material mass on benefits and loads to avoid double counting. Additionally, the energy recovered from waste incineration is assumed to replace electricity and heat that would otherwise be produced from primary energy sources.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS



LIFE-CYCLE ASSESSMENT

CUT-OFF CRITERIA

The study does not exclude any modules or processes which are stated mandatory in the reference standard and the applied PCR. The study does not exclude any hazardous materials or substances. The study includes all major raw material and energy consumption. All inputs and outputs of the unit processes, for which data is available for, are included in the calculation. There is no neglected unit process that is more than 1% of total mass or energy flows. The module specific total neglected input and output flows also do not exceed 5% of energy usage or mass.

The production of capital equipment, construction activities, and infrastructure, maintenance and operation of capital equipment, personnel-related activities, energy and water use related to company management and sales activities are excluded.

The study does not exclude any modules or processes which are stated mandatory in the EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 and the applied PCR. The study does not exclude any hazardous materials or substances. The study includes all major raw material and energy consumption. All inputs and outputs of the unit processes, for which data is available for, are included in the calculation. There is no neglected unit process that is more than 1% of total mass or energy flows. The module specific total neglected input and output flows also do not exceed 5% of energy usage or mass. The production of capital equipment, construction activities, and infrastructure, maintenance and operation of capital equipment, personnel-related activities, energy and water use related to company management, and sales activities are excluded.

VALIDATION OF DATA

Data collection for production, transport, and packaging was conducted using time and site-specific information, as defined in the general

information section on page 1 and 2. Upstream process calculations rely on generic data as defined in the Bibliography section. Manufacturer-provided specific and generic data were used for the product's manufacturing stage. The analysis was performed in One Click LCA EPD Generator, with the 'Cut-Off, EN 15804+A2' allocation method, and characterization factors according to EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 and JRC EF 3.1.

ALLOCATION, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Allocation is required if some material, energy, and waste data cannot be measured separately for the product under investigation. All allocations are made according to the reference standards and the applied PCR. In this study, allocation has been done in the following ways:

Data type	Allocation
Raw materials	No allocation
Packaging material	No allocation
Ancillary materials	Allocated by mass or volume
Manufacturing energy and waste	Allocated by mass or volume

All estimations and assumptions regarding the cut off criteria and the allocation are declared in the part "Cut-off Criteria except the estimations/assumptions below:

Proxy data is used for certain materials due to their unavailability in the database.

- Module A2, A4 & C2: Vehicle capacity utilization volume factor is assumed to be 1 which means full load. It may vary but as the role of transportation emission in total results is small, the variety in load is assumed to be negligible. To be conservative, empty returns are included in this study as

implemented through an average load factor in the Ecoinvent transport datapoints.

PRODUCT & MANUFACTURING SITES GROUPING

Type of grouping	No grouping
Grouping method	Not applicable
Variation in GWP-fossil for A1-A3, %	

This EPD has been developed for MIRROR CABINET LUMENA 550 LED VVS. The product is available in both right-hand and left-hand configurations and in white and gray color. In addition to this model, there are four different sizes:

- Lumena 400: 400 mm x 175 mm x 700 mm
- Lumena 500: 500 mm x 175 mm x 700 mm
- Lumena 550: 550 mm x 175 mm x 700 mm
- Lumena 600: 600 mm x 175 mm x 700 mm
- Lumena 800: 800 mm x 175 mm x 700 mm

And each of them has three different variations:

- Lumena 400, 500, 550, 600, 800 has a socket installed, but not a circuit breaker.
- Lumena 400-, 500-, 550-, 600-, 800 IPR does not have a socket nor a circuit breaker.
- Lumena 400-, 500-, 550-, 600-, 800 VVS has a socket and a circuit breaker.

The environmental impacts of these alternative versions are not described in the main body of the EPD but are presented separately in **Annex 1**.

LCA SOFTWARE AND BIBLIOGRAPHY

This EPD has been created using One Click LCA EPD Generator for EPD Hub V3 and EPD Process Certification v3.2.4. The LCA and EPD have been prepared according to the reference standards and ISO 14040/14044. The EPD Generator uses Ecoinvent v3.10.1/3.11/3.12 and One Click LCA databases as sources of environmental data. Allocation used in Ecoinvent 3.10.1/3.11/3.12 environmental data sources follow the methodology 'allocation, Cut-off, EN 15804+A2'.

Hodapp, M. 2011. IESNA LM-80-08 and TM-21-11.

https://www1.eere.energy.gov/buildings/publications/pdfs/ssl/msslc-sw2011_hodapp.pdf

Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute. 2015. Typical hours of use by room.

https://www.lrc.rpi.edu/patternbook/resources/hours_of_use.asp

International Association of Certified Home Inspectors. S.a. InterNACHI's Standard Estimated Life Expectancy Chart for Homes. <https://www.nachi.org/life-expectancy.htm>

Cabinet central Inc. 2023. How Long Does a Typical Bathroom Cabinet Last?

<https://www.cabinetcentralinc.com/how-long-does-a-typical-bathroom-cabinet-last/>

EUROSTAT,

https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/databrowser/view/env_waspac_custom_8519242/default/table?lang=en

EUROSTAT,

https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/databrowser/view/env_waspac_custom_8519259/default/table?lang=en

PSR-0014 – LUMINAIRES. [Documents](#)

International Chromium Development Association (ICDA) 2023
<https://www.icdacr.com/2023/06/27/95-of-stainless-steel-is-recycled-at-the-end-of-its-life/>

Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute. 2015. Typical hours of use by room.
https://www.lrc.rpi.edu/patternbook/resources/hours_of_use.asp

World Stainless 2024, <https://www.worldstainless.org/about-stainless/environment/recycling/#:~:text=The%20analysis%20concluded%20that%20on,in%20English%2C%20German%20and%20Chinese>

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT DATA

The estimated impact results are only relative statements which do not indicate the end points of the impact categories, exceeding threshold values, safety margins or risks.

CORE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS – EN 15804+A2, EF 3.1

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP – total ¹⁾	kg CO ₂ e	3,03E+01	6,64E-01	3,96E+00	3,49E+01	1,29E-01	1,46E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2,21E+02	ND	0,00E+00	3,02E-01	4,87E-01	1,20E+00	-9,86E+00
GWP – fossil	kg CO ₂ e	3,01E+01	6,63E-01	5,33E+00	3,61E+01	1,29E-01	3,03E-02	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2,21E+02	ND	0,00E+00	3,01E-01	4,89E-01	1,20E+00	-9,86E+00
GWP – biogenic	kg CO ₂ e	1,64E-01	1,36E-04	-1,42E+00	-1,25E+00	2,71E-05	1,43E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	ND	0,00E+00	6,71E-05	-2,95E-03	-1,12E-04	0,00E+00
GWP – LULUC	kg CO ₂ e	1,68E-02	2,66E-04	4,19E-02	5,90E-02	4,84E-05	1,80E-05	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3,33E-03	ND	0,00E+00	1,34E-04	2,24E-04	1,98E-05	-8,95E-04
Ozone depletion pot.	kg CFC-11e	3,86E-07	1,26E-08	1,88E-07	5,87E-07	2,59E-09	2,41E-10	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	9,47E-06	ND	0,00E+00	4,34E-09	2,18E-09	8,50E-10	-4,77E-08
Acidification potential	mol H ⁺ e	1,36E-01	3,39E-03	1,76E-02	1,57E-01	4,16E-04	1,28E-04	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1,19E+00	ND	0,00E+00	1,02E-03	1,79E-03	2,93E-04	-4,83E-02
EP-freshwater ²⁾	kg Pe	1,81E-03	4,47E-05	8,89E-04	2,75E-03	8,69E-06	7,46E-06	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3,44E-02	ND	0,00E+00	2,35E-05	9,81E-05	6,73E-05	-1,13E-02
EP-marine	kg Ne	2,12E-02	1,03E-03	5,91E-03	2,82E-02	1,41E-04	2,19E-04	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1,69E-01	ND	0,00E+00	3,32E-04	4,43E-04	2,67E-04	-1,11E-02
EP-terrestrial	mol Ne	2,37E-01	1,12E-02	5,54E-02	3,03E-01	1,54E-03	3,98E-04	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1,74E+00	ND	0,00E+00	3,61E-03	4,74E-03	1,29E-03	-1,31E-01
POCP (“smog”) ³⁾	kg NMVOCe	7,18E-02	4,26E-03	1,55E-02	9,16E-02	6,78E-04	1,49E-04	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	4,95E-01	ND	0,00E+00	1,46E-03	1,40E-03	3,83E-04	-3,88E-02
ADP-minerals & metals ⁴⁾	kg Sbe	1,94E-03	1,75E-06	2,88E-05	1,97E-03	3,56E-07	2,06E-07	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2,10E-05	ND	0,00E+00	9,10E-07	9,47E-06	1,29E-07	-1,91E-04
ADP-fossil resources	MJ	2,38E+02	9,51E+00	2,59E+02	5,06E+02	1,87E+00	2,60E-01	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2,72E+03	ND	0,00E+00	4,31E+00	2,17E+00	6,88E-01	-9,16E+01
Water use ⁵⁾	m ³ e depr.	2,78E+01	4,77E-02	3,27E+00	3,11E+01	9,56E-03	8,37E-03	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1,99E+03	ND	0,00E+00	2,07E-02	6,00E-02	3,21E-02	-2,45E+00

1) GWP = Global Warming Potential; 2) EP = Eutrophication potential. Required characterization method and data are in kg P-eq. Multiply by 3,07 to get PO₄e; 3) POCP = Photochemical ozone formation; 4) ADP = Abiotic depletion potential; 5) EN 15804+A2 disclaimer for Abiotic depletion and Water use and optional indicators except Particulate matter and Ionizing radiation, human health. The results of these environmental impact indicators shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

ADDITIONAL (OPTIONAL) ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS – EN 15804+A2, EF 3.1

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Particulate matter	Incidence	9,61E-07	6,28E-08	1,88E-07	1,21E-06	1,28E-08	1,66E-09	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2,57E-06	ND	0,00E+00	2,73E-08	2,46E-08	7,94E-09	-7,34E-07
Ionizing radiation ⁶⁾	kBq 11235e	5,37E-01	1,11E-02	1,55E+01	1,61E+01	2,25E-03	1,96E-03	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	6,56E+01	ND	0,00E+00	3,63E-03	1,62E-02	8,24E-04	3,06E-01
Ecotoxicity (freshwater)	CTUe	3,03E+02	1,13E+00	1,22E+02	4,27E+02	2,20E-01	1,11E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3,55E+02	ND	0,00E+00	6,42E-01	9,21E+00	8,52E-01	-4,71E+02
Human toxicity, cancer	CTUh	3,01E-03	1,12E-10	1,47E-09	3,01E-03	2,12E-11	2,41E-11	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1,02E-08	ND	0,00E+00	5,04E-11	1,62E-10	1,08E-10	-1,09E-09
Human tox. non-cancer	CTUh	2,97E-02	5,94E-09	4,81E-08	2,97E-02	1,21E-09	1,29E-09	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	9,53E-07	ND	0,00E+00	2,75E-09	9,35E-09	1,94E-09	-5,87E-08
SQP ⁷⁾	-	3,05E+01	9,03E+00	1,17E+02	1,56E+02	1,88E+00	2,30E-01	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	9,37E+01	ND	0,00E+00	3,53E+00	3,81E+00	1,27E+00	-2,07E+01

6) EN 15804+A2 disclaimer for Ionizing radiation, human health. This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low-dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator; 7) SQP = Land use related impacts/soil quality.

USE OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Renew. PER as energy ⁸⁾	MJ	2,27E+01	1,51E-01	4,05E+01	6,34E+01	3,04E-02	-1,51E+01	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	8,79E+01	ND	0,00E+00	5,90E-02	3,46E-01	1,36E-02	-6,33E+00
Renew. PER as material	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,22E+01	1,22E+01	0,00E+00	-1,22E+01	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Total use of renew. PER	MJ	2,27E+01	1,51E-01	5,27E+01	7,56E+01	3,04E-02	-2,74E+01	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	8,79E+01	ND	0,00E+00	5,90E-02	3,46E-01	1,36E-02	-6,33E+00
Non-re. PER as energy	MJ	2,33E+02	9,51E+00	2,59E+02	5,02E+02	1,87E+00	2,60E-01	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3,15E+03	ND	0,00E+00	4,31E+00	-5,98E+00	-1,68E+01	-9,21E+01
Non-re. PER as material	MJ	1,28E+01	0,00E+00	4,38E-02	1,29E+01	0,00E+00	-4,38E-02	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	-3,20E+00	-9,61E+00	2,56E+00
Total use of non-re. PER	MJ	2,46E+02	9,51E+00	2,59E+02	5,15E+02	1,87E+00	2,16E-01	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3,15E+03	ND	0,00E+00	4,31E+00	-9,18E+00	-2,64E+01	-8,95E+01
Secondary materials	kg	3,70E-01	4,17E-03	9,54E-01	1,33E+00	8,08E-04	4,90E-04	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	ND	0,00E+00	1,88E-03	2,56E-03	4,86E-04	6,51E+00
Renew. secondary fuels	MJ	4,88E-03	4,92E-05	9,05E-02	9,55E-02	1,02E-05	2,58E-06	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	ND	0,00E+00	2,39E-05	1,06E-04	5,49E-06	1,17E-02
Non-ren. secondary fuels	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Use of net fresh water	m ³	1,36E-01	1,38E-03	6,70E-02	2,04E-01	2,76E-04	-1,88E-04	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2,68E+00	ND	0,00E+00	6,07E-04	2,72E-04	-4,75E-03	-4,46E-02

8) PER = Primary energy resources.

END OF LIFE – WASTE

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Hazardous waste	kg	8,06E-01	1,42E-02	1,74E-01	9,95E-01	2,70E-03	5,25E-03	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	7,63E-04	ND	0,00E+00	7,39E-03	1,91E-02	1,25E-02	-3,10E+00
Non-hazardous waste	kg	1,84E+01	2,76E-01	4,26E+00	2,30E+01	5,41E-02	6,01E-01	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1,09E+01	ND	0,00E+00	1,38E-01	1,97E+00	7,41E+00	-3,49E+01
Radioactive waste	kg	3,06E-03	2,73E-06	3,22E-03	6,28E-03	5,57E-07	4,99E-07	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	6,83E-03	ND	0,00E+00	8,89E-07	4,14E-06	2,07E-07	7,87E-05

END OF LIFE – OUTPUT FLOWS

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Components for re-use	kg	2,67E-07	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,67E-07	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Materials for recycling	kg	7,28E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,28E-03	0,00E+00	7,89E-01	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,03E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Materials for energy rec	kg	4,25E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,25E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Exported energy	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,77E-01	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,95E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Exported energy – Electricity	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,55E-01	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,20E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Exported energy – Heat	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,22E-01	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,13E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00

ADDITIONAL INDICATOR – GWP-GHG

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-GHG ⁹⁾	kg CO ₂ e	3,01E+01	6,64E-01	5,37E+00	3,61E+01	1,29E-01	3,04E-02	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2,21E+02	ND	0,00E+00	3,02E-01	4,90E-01	1,20E+00	-9,86E+00

9) This indicator includes all greenhouse gases excluding biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product. In addition, the characterization factors for the flows – CH₄ fossil, CH₄ biogenic and Dinitrogen monoxide – were updated. This indicator is identical to the GWP-total of EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 except that the characterization factor for biogenic CO₂ is set to zero

SCENARIO DOCUMENTATION

DATA SOURCES

Manufacturing energy scenario documentation

Scenario parameter	Value
Electricity data source and quality	Green electricity mix, Veni Oy, Finland
Electricity CO2e / kWh	0,068
District heating data source and quality	Heat and power co-generation, wood chips, 6667 kW, state-of-the-art 2014, Finland, Ecoinvent
District heating CO2e / MJ	0,0026

Transport scenario documentation - A4 (Transport resources)

1. Market for transport, freight, lorry >32 metric ton, EURO5, 97 km

Transport to the building site (A4) - Scenario documentation

Scenario parameter	Value
Capacity utilization (including empty return) %	100
Bulk density of transported products	1,54E+02
Volume capacity utilization factor	1

Installation at the building site (A5) - Scenario documentation

Scenario parameter	Value
Energy: type and consumption (MJ or kWh)	-
Water use (m ³)	-
Ancillary materials: type and mass (kg)	-
Waste materials: type and mass (kg)	0,04 of wood packaging, 0,95kg of cardboard packaging.
Waste materials: output routes	Cardboard: recycled 83%, incinerated 8 %, landfilled 9% Wood: recycled 32%, incinerated 30%, landfilled 38%.
Direct emissions (kg)	0

Use stages scenario documentation - B6-B7 Use of energy and use of water

Scenario information	Value
Type of energy, consumption (kWh)	Market electricity mix, low voltage for Finland in 2023, 0,78 kg CO2e/kWh
Freshwater consumption (m3)	-
Performance characteristics, E.g. Power rating, efficiency, capacity	Energy class D

End of life (C1-C4) - Scenario documentation

Scenario information	Value
Collection process: collected separately (kg)	11,3
Collection process: Mixed waste (kg)	0
Recovery: re-use (kg)	0
Recovery: recycling (kg)	8,03
Recovery: energy recovery (kg)	0,28
Disposal (kg)	2,99
Scenario assumptions e.g. transportation (mode, km) & other	50-150 km, Transport, freight, lorry >32 metric ton, EURO5 - Europe

THIRD-PARTY VERIFICATION STATEMENT

EPD Hub declares that this EPD is verified in accordance with ISO 14025 by an independent, third-party verifier. The project report on the Life Cycle Assessment and the report(s) on features of environmental relevance are filed at EPD Hub. EPD Hub PCR and ECO Platform verification checklist are used.

EPD Hub is not able to identify any unjustified deviations from the PCR and EN 15804+A2 in the Environmental Product Declaration and its project report.

EPD Hub maintains its independence as a third-party body; it was not involved in the execution of the LCA or in the development of the declaration and has no conflicts of interest regarding this verification.

The company-specific data and upstream and downstream data have been examined as regards plausibility and consistency. The publisher is responsible for ensuring the factual integrity and legal compliance of this declaration.

The software used in creation of this LCA and EPD is verified by EPD Hub to conform to the procedural and methodological requirements outlined in ISO 14025:2010, ISO 14040/14044, EN 15804+A2, and EPD Hub Core Product Category Rules and General Program Instructions.

Verified tools

Tool verifier: Magaly Gonzalez Vazquez

Tool verification validity: 27 March 2025 - 26 March 2028

Yazan Badour as an authorized verifier for EPD Hub Limited 03.06.2026



ANNEX 1: SCALING TABLE

Product Name	Mass	A1-A3, EN 15804+A2		
		GWP _{-total}	GWP _{-fossil}	GWP _{-biogenic}
Lumena 400	8,3 kg	2,384E+01	2,479E+01	-9,907E-01
Lumena 400 IPR	8,3 kg	2,384E+01	2,479E+01	-9,926E-01
Lumena 400 VVS	8,5 kg	2,529E+01	2,624E+01	-9,946E-01
Lumena 500	10,1 kg	3,017E+01	3,124E+01	-1,120E+00
Lumena 500 IPR	10,1 kg	3,009E+01	3,116E+01	-1,120E+00
Lumena 500 VVS	10,1 kg	3,188E+01	3,296E+01	-1,123E+00
Lumena 550	10,9kg	3,540E+01	3,659E+01	-1,249E+00
Lumena 550 IPR	10,6 kg	3,367E+01	3,486E+01	-1,248E+00
Lumena 550 VVS	11,3 kg	3,540E+01	3,659E+01	-1,249E+00
Lumena 600	12,8 kg	3,539E+01	3,627E+01	-9,338E-01
Lumena 600 IPR	12,8 kg	3,522E+01	3,610E+01	-9,338E-01
Lumena 600 VVS	13,0 kg	3,735E+01	3,824E+01	-9,357E-01
Lumena 800	14,3 kg	3,795E+01	3,955E+01	-1,677E+00
Lumena 800 IPR	14,0 kg	3,780E+01	3,940E+01	-1,677E+00
Lumena 800 VVS	14,2 kg	3,948E+01	4,108E+01	-1,672E+00