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Environmental Product Declaration for the INSTAFLEX system with polybuten pipes, metal- and plastic fittings

EPD according EN 15804 based on the TEPPFA LCA comparison studies following the principles of ISO 14040 and ISO 14044





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1. DECLARATION OF GENERAL **INFORMATION**

Introduction

The European Plastics Pipes and Fittings Association (TEPPFA) deems it important to have an insight into the integral environmental impacts that are encountered during the life-span of particular pipe system applications. With this framework in mind, TEPPFA has set up an LCA/EPD project with the Flemish Institute for Technological Research (VITO).

The present EPD outlines the various environmental aspects which accompany the Polybutene (PB-1) pipe system for hot and cold water distribution in the building, from the primary extraction of raw materials up to and including the end of life (EoL) treatment after its reference service life time.

Name and address of manufacturers

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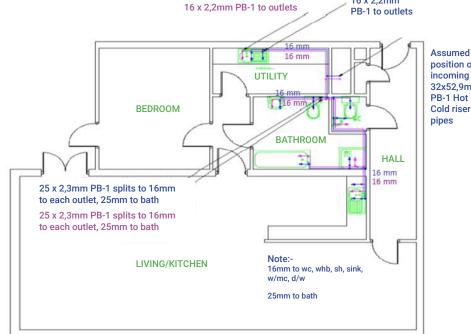
Polybutene (PB-1) pipe system's use and functional unit

The EPD refers to a typical European Polybutene (PB-1) pipe system for hot and cold water distribution in the buildings, from the cradle to the grave, including raw material extraction, transportation to converters, converting process, transport to apartment, construction, use and end-of-life treatment. Environmental indicators are expressed for the complete life cycle, from the cradle to the grave, so for a typical European Polybutene (PB-1) Hot & Cold pipe system.

The functional unit is defined as "the pressure supply and transport of hot and cold drinking water, from the entrance of a well-defined apartment to the tap, by means of a Polybutene (PB-1) Hot & Cold drinking water pipe system installation supplying a 100 m² apartment, incorporating a bathroom, separate WC, kitchen and washroom (considering the service life time of the pipe system to be aligned with the 50 year service life time of the apartment), calculated per year".

Product name & graphic display of product

Polybutene (PB-1) pipe system for hot and cold water in the building



position of incomina 32x52.9mm PB-1 Hot & Cold riser

16 x 2.2mm

Description of the Polybutene (PB-1) pipe system's components

The environmental burdens are calculated in relation to the functional unit, which resulted for the typical European Polybutene (PB-1) pipe system for hot and cold water in the building in the following basic pipe system components: Polybutene (PB-1) pipes and several types of fittings made of PB-1, PVDF, PPSU, and containing PA-GF, other plastics, stainless steel, brass, and heating wire made of metal alloy.

The system consists of Polybutene pipes supplied in coils. Connections to the several sanitary appliances are considered (tap connectors). Risers and joints (welded) are included in the design. Tie-ins welding fittings with metal (brass) inserts are also considered in the design.

The building system represents 100 m² of a typical residential single family apartment in a 5-storeyed building with all the facilities clearly positioned, like bath, shower etc.

The EPD is declared as the average environmental performance for the typical European Polybutene (PB-1) pipe system for hot and cold water distribution in the buildings, over its reference service life cycle of 50 years (being the estimated reference life time of the apartment until its first refurbishment), in accordance with EN 806, EN 806-2, EN 806-3, EN ISO 15876-1, EN ISO 15876-2 and EN ISO 15876-3.

EPD programme and programme operator

The present EPD is in line with the EN15804:2012+A1 and EN15942 developed by CEN TC 350. A programme operator related to the CEN TC 350 has not been established yet.

Date of declaration and validity

Revision 0, January, 2015 The EPD has a 5 year validity period (January, 2020)

Comparability

EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with the CEN TC 350 (EN15804 and EN15942) standards.

Typical European Polybutene (PB-1) pipe system EPD

The present EPD outlines various environmental aspects which accompany a representative typical European Polybutene (PB-1) pipe system for hot and cold water distribution in the buildings, from the primary extraction of raw materials up to and including the end of life (EoL) treatment after its reference service life time of 50 years (considering the service life time of the pipe system to be aligned with the 50 year service life time of the apartment until its first refurbishment).

Group of manufacturers

The EPD for the Polybutene (PB-1) hot and cold pipe system is representative for an anticipated European typical Polybutene (PB-1) hot and cold pipe system. The TEPPFA member companies represent more than 50% of the European market for extruded plastic pipes. For an overview of all members and national associations within TEPPFA we refer to pages 16-18 of this EPD.

Content of the product system

The product system does not contain materials or substances that can adversely affect human health and the environment in all stages of the life cycle.

Retrieve information

Explanatory material may be obtained by contacting TEPPFA (http://www.teppfa.eu)

2. DECLARATION OF THE MATERIAL CONTENT

The European Polybutene (PB-1) Hot & Cold pipe system does not contain any substances as such or in concentration exceeding legal limits, which can adversely affect human health and the environment in any stages of its entire life cycle.

3. DECLARATION OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL PARAMETERS DERIVED FROM LCA

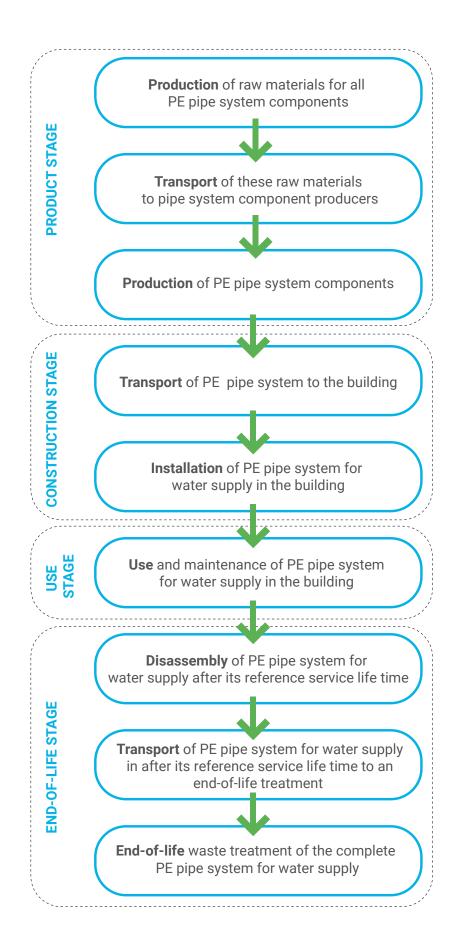
3.1 Life cycle flow diagram

The EPD refers to a typical European Polybutene (PB-1) Hot & Cold pipe system, from the cradle to the grave, including product stage, transport to construction site and construction process stage, use stage and end-oflife stage.

- Product stage: raw material extraction and processing, recycling processes for recycled material input, transport to the manufacturer, manufacturing (including all energy provisions, waste management processes during the product stage up to waste for final disposal):
 - Production of the raw materials for the PB-1 pipes
 - Transport of the raw materials for pipes to converter
 - Extrusion PB-1 pipes
 - Production of the raw materials for PB-1 part fittings
 - Transport of raw materials for PB-1 part fittings to converter
 - Injection moulding PB-1-part fittings
 - Production of other plastics for fittings
 - Production of PVDF for fittings (raw materials and converting process)
 - Production of PPSU for fittings (raw materials and converting process)

- Production of PA-GF for fittings (raw materials and converting process)
- Production of stainless steell inserts for fittings (raw materials and converting process)
- Production of brass inserts (elements) for fittings (raw materials and converting process)
- Production of alloy (heating wire) for fittings (raw materials and converting process)
- Construction process stage: including all energy provisions, waste management processes during the construction stage up to waste for final disposal:
 - Transport of the complete PB-1 pipe system to the building (apartment);
 - Installation of the PB-1 pipe pipe system in the apartment
- Use stage (maintenance and operational use): including transport and all energy provisions, waste management processes up to waste for final disposal during this use stage:
 - Operational use is not relevant for the Polybutene (PB-1) Hot & Cold pipe system
 - Maintenance is not relevant for the Polybutene (PB-1) Hot & Cold pipe system
- End of life stage: including all energy provisions during the end of life stage:
 - Disassembly of complete PB-1 pipe system
 - Transport of complete PB-1 pipe system to EOL

EoL treatment PB-1 pipe system



3.2 Parameters describing environmental impacts

The following environmental parameters are expressed with the impact category parameters of the life cycle impact assessment (LCIA).

Impact category		Abiotic depletion (non-fossil)	Abiotic depletion (fossil fuels)	Acidification	Eutrophication	Global warming	Ozone layer depletion	Photochemical oxidation
		kg Sb eq	MJ	kg SO2 eq	kg PO4 eq	kg CO2 eq	kg CFC-11 eq	kg C2H4 eq
Product stage	A1-3	2,24E-05	1,88E+01	5,68E-03	1,53E-03	8,28E-01	5,71E-08	3,00E-04
Transport to installation	A4	4,07E-08	2,27E-01	5,98E-05	1,18E-05	1,52E-02	2,29E-09	5,02E-06
Installation	A5	1,36E-07	1,33E+00	3,01E-04	4,45E-05	1,02E-01	4,09E-09	3,51E-05
Use	B1-B7	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Disassembly	C1	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Transport to end-of-life treatment	C2	6,95E-08	2,42E-01	5,98E-05	1,20E-05	1,61E-02	2,52E-09	2,10E-06
End-of-life treatment	C3-C4	-5,39E-08	-4,95E-01	-1,10E-04	-9,59E-06	4,92E-02	-1,43E-09	-5,65E-06
TOTAL		2,25E-05	2,01E+01	5,99E-03	1,59E-03	1,01E+00	6,46E-08	3,36E-04

3.3 Parameters describing resource input

The following environmental parameters apply data based on the life cycle inventory (LCI).

Declaration of environmental paramaters derived from LCI								
Parameters describing resource use, primary energy								
Environ	imental parameter		Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	Total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)	Use of non renewable primary energy excluding non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	Total use of non renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)
			MJ, net calorific value	MJ, net calorific value	MJ, net calorific value	MJ, net calorific value	MJ, net calorific value	MJ, net calorific value
Product stage	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	na	na	8,71E-01	na	na	3,12E+02
Construction	Transport	A4	na	na	6,14E-03	na	na	4,57E+00
process stage	Construction installation process	A5	na	na	4,56E-02	na	na	3,43E+01
	Use	B1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Maintenance	B2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Repair	B3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Use stage	Replacement	B4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Refurbishment	B5	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Operational energy use	B6	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Operational water use	B7	0	0	0	0	0	0
	De-construction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Transport	C2	na	na	5,45E-03	na	na	2,63E-01
End of life	Waste processing	C3	na	na	-3,49E-01	na	na	-3,72E+00
	Disposal	C4	na	na	2,37E-04	na	na	3,67E-02

na: not available

Declaration of environmental paramaters derived from LCI							
Parameters describing resource use, secondary materials and fuels, and use of water							
Enviror	mental parameter		Use of secondary material*	Use of renewable secondary fuels*	Use of non renewable secondary fuels*	Net use of fresh water	
			kg	MJ, net calorific value	MJ, net calorific value	m3	
Product stage	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0	0	0	9,21E-03	
Construction	Transport	A4	na	na	na	5,93E-05	
process stage	Construction installation process	A5	na	na	na	4,29E-03	
	Use	B1	0	0	0	0	
	Maintenance	B2	0	0	0	0	
	Repair	B3	0	0	0	0	
Use stage	Replacement	B4	0	0	0	0	
	Refurbishment	B5	0	0	0	0	
	Operational energy use	B6	0	0	0	0	
	Operational water use	B7	0	0	0	0	
	De-construction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	
	Transport	C2	0	0	0	8,76E-05	
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0	-1,49E-02	
	Disposal	C4	0	0	0	4,11E-06	

*only for foreground process from which LCI data are made available by TEPPFA - the number does not include processes and materials modelled by means of background data, eg transportation, electricity, ancillary materials...

3.4 Parameters describing different waste categories and further output material flows

The parameters describing waste categories and other material flows are output flows derived from the life cycle inventory (LCI):

Parameters describing different waste categories

		Declarat	ion of environmental paramate	ers derived from LCI		
Other environmental information describing waste categories						
Ferr	ironmental parameter		Hazardous waste	Non-hazardous waste	Radioactive waste	
Env	ironmentai parameter		kg	kg	kg	
Product stage	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	1,13E-03	3,42E-01	2,31E-04	
Construction	Transport	A4	3,21E-06	2,14E-01	3,07E-05	
process stage	Construction installation process	A5	5,45E-06	1,86E-01	1,78E-04	
	Use	B1	0	0	0	
	Maintenance	B2	0	0	0	
	Repair	B3	0	0	0	
Use stage	Replacement	B4	0	0	0	
	Refurbishment	B5	0	0	0	
	Operational energy use	B6	0	0	0	
	Operational water use	B7	0	0	0	
	De-construction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	
	Transport	C2	3,04E-07	1,40E-03	3,43E-07	
End of life	Waste processing	C3	-4,61E-06	-4,86E-03	-2,16E-05	
	Disposal	C4	1,82E-08	8,50E-01	1,69E-08	

Parameters describing further output material flows

Other environmental information describing output flows					
Components for re-use*	0,00E+00 kg				
Materials for recycling*	4,11E-02 kg				
Materials for energy recovery**	0,00E+00 kg				
Exported energy**	0,00E+00 MJ per energy carrier				

*only for foreground process from which LCI data are made available by TEPPFA - the number does not include processes and materials modelled by means of background data, eg transportation, electricity, ancillary materials...

**the benefits from waste incineration are accounted for within the system boundaries. Therefore no energy nor materials for energy recovery are leaving the system boundaries

4. SCENARIOS AND TECHNICAL INFORMATION

4.1 Construction process stage

Transport from the production gate to the construction site (trench)

Parameter	Parameter unit expressed per functional unit
Fuel type consumption of vehicle or vehicle type used for transport e.g. long distance truck, boat etc.	The Polybutene (PB-1) Hot & Cold pipe system is transported over an average distance of 95 km with a truck (about 16 ton) and 30 km by means of a van (< 3,5 ton) from the producers of the different pipe system
Capacity utilisation (including empty returns)	components via customers to the building. Environmental burdens associated with this kind of transport are calculated by means of the
Bulk density	Ecoinvent V2.2 datarecords "Transport, lorry 16-32t, EURO4/tkm/RER" and "Transport, van <3.5t, RER".
Volume capacity utilisation factor (factor: =1 or <1 or ≥ 1 for compressed or nested packaged products)	

Construction (installation at construction site)

Parameter	Parameter unit expressed per functional unit					
Ancillary materials for installation	 3 liter of water for testing, flushing and cleaning. 0,04 kg fast fixing cement (ratio water/cement 0,3) of which 0,028 kg cement and 0,012 kg water 0,03 kg of wall fixing metals, considered to be made out of galvanised steel Environmental burdens associated with this kind of input flows are calculated by means of the Ecoinvent V2.2 data record "Tap water, at user, RER", "Cement, unspecified at plant, RER" and "Steel, converter, unalloyed, at plant, RER", in combination with "Steel product manufacturing, average metal working, RER" 					
Other resource consumption	Not relevant					
Quantitative description of energy type (regional mix) and consumption during the installation process Waste on the building site, generated by the product's installation	and 0,0014 kWh of elect Environmental burdens a Ecoinvent V2.2 data reco mix of production)" 0,00123 kg of Polybuter incineration and 5% to m to waste management tr to incineration with energy	trical energy is used associated with this ord "Electricity, low y the (PB-1) pipe left or rechanical recycling. reatment facilities is gy recovery and 50 k	the operation of the screw of d for electrofusion of the fitt kind of energy are calculate voltage, production RER, at g ver during installation: 80% . Transportation of Polybute included: 600 km for mecha km to landfill. Environmental	ings. ed by means of the grid (European average to landfill, 15% to ne (PB-1) pipe left over anical recycling, 150 km burdens are calculated		
Output materials as result of waste management processes at the building site e.g. of collection for	-	waste: treated acco	"Transport, lorry 3.5-7.5t, EU ording to European average			
recycling, for energy recovery, final disposal		Recycling	Energy Recovery	Landfill		
	Plastic	34,3%	29,1%	36,6%		
	Paper and board	83%	8,5%	8,5%		
	Wood	37,7%	29,9%	32,4%		
	Metals	72,3%	0,6%	27,1%		
	Total	63,6%	12%	22,7%		
	(Source: Eurostat)					
Emissions to ambient air, soil and water	(transportation processe	es and mechanical e nent) and are include	issions are related to the up energy) and downstream pro ed in the Ecoinvent datareco	ocesses (waste		

4.2 Use stage: operation and maintenance

Operation and maintenance:

Operational use (pumping energy) is not relevant for the EPD, since it falls outside the system boundaries of the LCA project. Maintenance is not needed for the Polybutene (PB-1) Hot & Cold pipe system.

4.3 End of life

The following end of life scenarios have been taken into account:

- Estimated reference service life time of 50 years, being the service life time of the apartment until the first refurbishment
- EoL approach for recycling, landfill and incineration with energy recovery (impacts and credits are assigned to the life cycle that generates the waste flows)
- Recycled content approach for recycling and use of recyclates (= impact of recycling and credits for recyclates, because less virgin materials are needed is assigned to the life cycle that uses the recyclates)

Processes	Parameter unit expressed per functional unit			
Collection process	After a reference service life time of 50 years the Polybutene (PB-1) Hot & Cold pipe system might be stripped for recoverable materials and products, and the remaining construction subsequently demolished. The Polybutene (PB-1) Hot & Cold pipe system is demolished together with the total construction. So for the functional unit 0,21243 kg of pipe system components are available at the apartment.			
Recycling system	The PB-1 pipes and the plastic parts of the fittings (0,16983 kg) follow the following scenario: 15% (0,02547 kg) is transported over an average distance of 150 km to an incinerator, 80% (0,13586 kg) is transported over an average distance of 50 km to a landfill and 5% (0,00849 kg) is transported over an average distance of 600 km for mechanical recycling.			
Final deposition	The brass inserts, stainless steel parts and heating wire (0,04261 kg) are for 75% recycled (0,03195 kg is transported over average distance of 600 km) and for 25% disposed to a landfill (0,01065 kg transported over average distance of 50 km).			
	Eol Scenario PB-1 pipes and plastic parts of fittingsEoL			
	Mechanical recycling	5%		
	Incineration	15%		
	Left in ground	80%		
	Eol metal parts			
	Recycling	75%		
	Landfill	25%		
	Environmental burdens associated with transportation are calculated by means of the following Ecoinvent v2.2 data record "Transport, lorry 3.5-7.5t, EURO4/tkm/RER"			

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON EMISSIONS TO INDOOR AIR, SOIL AND WATER DURING USE STAGE

Emissions to indoor air:

Despite there is no approved European measurement method available, we can confirm that the Polybutene (PB-1) Hot & Cold pipe system does not contain any substances mentioned on the REACH-list.

Emissions to soil and water:

Since the Polybutene (PB-1) Hot & Cold system is installed in the apartment we can confirm that emissions to soil and water are not relevant.

6. OTHER ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Product certification, conformity, marking

EN 806-1, Specifications for installations inside buildings conveying water for human consumption. Part 1: General

EN 806-2, Specification for installations inside buildings conveying water for human consumption. Part 2: Design

EN 806-3, Specifications for installations inside buildings conveying water for human consumption. Part 3: Pipe sizing. Simplified method

EN ISO 15876-1, Plastics piping systems for Hot & Cold water installations. Polybutylene (PB). Part 1: General

EN ISO 15876-2, Plastics piping systems for Hot & Cold water installations – Polybutylene (PB) – Part 2: Pipes

EN ISO 15876-3, Plastics piping systems for Hot & Cold water installations – Polybutylene (PB) – Part 3: Fittings

Other technical product performances

For the full overview of the environmental benefits of plastic pipe systems please refer to the TEPPFA website: http://www.teppfa.eu

List of names and logos of TEPPFA member companies

O aliaxis	Aliaxis
DYKA	DYKA
GEBERIT	Geberit International
+GF+	Georg Fischer Piping Systems
IK	LK
	Nupi
Pipelife 🖸	Pipelife International
Polypipe	Polypipe
C REHAU Unlimited Polymer Solutions	Rehau
RADIUS Systems	Radius Systems
uponor	Uponor
wavin	Wavin

ADPP	Czech Republic plastic pipes association
ASETUB	Asociación Española de Fabricantes de Tubos y Accesorios Plásticos
BPF	Plastic Pipes Group
BureauLeiding	Dutch Plastic Pipes Association
DPF	Danish Plastics Federation
FCIO	Fachverband der Chemischen Industrie Österreich
Essenscia PolyMatters	Belgian Federation for Chemistry and Life Sciences industries
FIPIF	Finnish Plastics Industries Federation
ІРРМА	Irish Plastic Pipe Manufacturers Association
KRV	Kunstoffrohrverband e.V Fachverband der Kunstoffrohr-Industrie
MCsSz	Műanyag Csőgyártók Szövetsége
NPG Sweden	Swedish Plastic Pipe Association
PRIK	Polish Association of Pipes and Fittings
STR	Syndicat des Tubes et Raccords
VKR	Verband Kunststoffrohre und Rohrleitungstelle

List of names and logos of TEPPFA Associated Members





Molecor

List of names and logos of TEPPFA Supporting Members



Rollepaal

7. REFERENCES

CEN TC 350 framework documents, 2013

– EN 15804:2012+A1: Sustainability of construction
 works – Environmental product declarations – core rules
 for the product category of construction products (2013)

– EN 15942: Sustainability of construction works –
 Environmental product declarations – Communication
 format – Business to Business (2011)

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*ISO 14040, (2006), Environmental management

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*ISO 14044, (2006) Environmental management

- Life cycle assessment - Requirements and guidelines.

EN 806, PSpecifications for installations inside buildings conveying water for human consumption. Part 1: General

EN 806-2, Specification for installations inside buildings conveying water for human consumption. Part 2: Design

EN 806-3, Specifications for installations inside buildings conveying water for human consumption. Part 3: Pipe sizing. Simplified method

EN ISO 15876-1, Plastics piping systems for Hot & Cold water installations. Polybutylene (PB). Part 1: General

EN ISO 15876-2, Plastics piping systems for Hot & Cold water installations – Polybutylene (PB) – Part 2: Pipes

EN ISO 15876-3, Plastics piping systems for Hot & Cold water installations – Polybutylene (PB) – Part 3: Fittings

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PlasticsEurope, 2011. The association of plastics manufacturers. From: http://www.plasticseurope.org/ plastics-sustainability/eco-profiles.aspx

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TNO report, 2008. Quality of PVC sewage pipes in the Netherlands

MT-RAP-2008-01066/mso / 2; Author(s) J. Breen -Assignor BureauLeidingn

Background LCA report (ISO 14040 and ISO 14044) prepared by

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External critical review of underlying LCA by

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