

# Environmental Product Declaration

## Polyethylene system

According to EN 15804+A1

### Sea water cooling intake in a power plant

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## 1. Declaration of general information

### 1.1 Introduction

GF Piping Systems is one of the three divisions within Georg Fischer Corporation and a leading provider of plastic and metal piping systems with global market presence. The product portfolio includes pipes, fittings, valves and the corresponding automation and jointing technology for industry, building technology as well as water and gas utilities. Georg Fischer Piping Systems proactively incorporates its environmental responsibility into its everyday business activities. Because we understand environmental awareness as one of the corporation's core values, internal structures and processes are geared towards sustainability. In this context, life cycle assessments are the correct tool to gain insight in the different life cycle phases of our systems.

This EPD is based on a detailed background report written by the Flemish Institute for technological research (Vito). The report is in line with EN 15804+A1 "Sustainability of construction works – environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products". The data of the study complies with the quality requirements set out in EN 15804+A1

(EN 15804+A1:2013, Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Core rules for the product category of construction products). Data regarding the production of the pipe system components is company specific and was provided by GF Piping Systems.

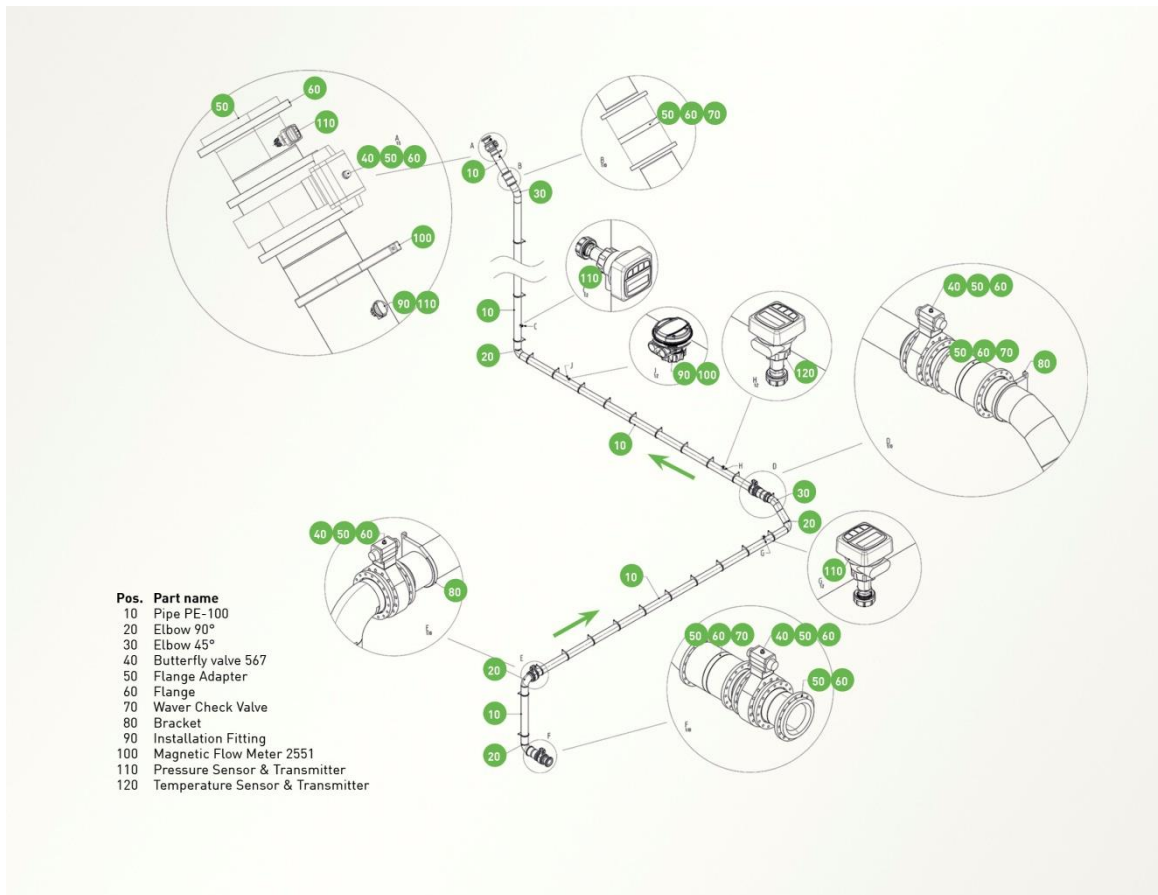
#### Declaration

Declaration owner & Program operator's name	Georg Fischer Piping Systems Ltd.
Validity	26.03.2020 – 25.03.2025
Declaration Number	GFPS-EPD_2005-1_5
EPD-Type	Cradle to grave
Data calculated by	Vito NV (Flemish Institute for technological research) <a href="http://www.vito.be">www.vito.be</a>
Life Cycle Inventory (LCI) source for generic background processes	Ecoinvent 3.5 Industry data 2.0 database
Software	SimaPro 9.0.0



## 1.2 System

The analyzed case represents an exemplary system for the transport of sea water to a power plant where it is used for process cooling. The system is designed in the dimension d400 and installed in Jiaxing (China). The used jointing technology is butt fusion.



### Materials

The material of the main pipe system components (pipes and fittings) is PE-100. The whole system consists of the materials as listed below.

Material	Weight (kg)
PE-100	3 802
Plastics (other than PE-100)	316
Steel	154
Other metals	29
Rubber	3
Cable (metal + plastics)	2 + 4
Pump	
Iron	499
Steel	234
Motor	
Steel	931
Iron	455
Other metals	115
Paint	8
Resin	7
Insulation material	6

### Reference service life

25 years

Please refer to chapter 2.3 for further information on the reference service life of the system.

### Functional unit (FU)

The above ground transportation of sea water to the cooling facility in a power plant, over a length of 80.2 m and a height difference of 10 m over the whole service lifetime of 25 years. The transport starts at the water surface and ends at the cooling facility.

### Components of the system (number of pieces or meter)

The system mainly consists of Georg Fischer Piping Systems components. However, to complete the system also external components (Ext.) are necessary which are not produced by Georg Fischer Piping Systems. The calculation of the environmental impact of these products is based on publicly available data and assumptions.

	Product Code	Pieces or meter	Material
<b>System components</b>			
PE pipe, d400	193017175	80.2 m	PE-100
Bend 90°, d400	753021025	4	PE-100
Bend 45°, d400	753051025	2	PE-100
Flange adapters, d400	753800025	16	PE-100
Installation fittings, d400 – d630	753314002	3	PE-100
Backing flanges, d400	727700525	16	PPGF30
Butterfly valve type 567 (with pneumatic actuator), d400	167567052	4	PP-H (body) and others
Wafer check valve type 369, d400	Custom made item	3	PP-H (body) and others
2551 Magmeter flow sensor	159001112	2	PP (sensor body) and others
Level/pressure integral system	159001041	2	PVDF (sensor housing) and others
2350 Temperature sensor	159000920	1	PVDF (sensor housing) and others
9900 Transmitter	159001696	1	PBT (housing) and others
Cable	Ext.	120 m	Copper and others
Pump	Ext.	1	Various metals and others
Motor	Ext.	1	Various metals and others

### Components for installation

Bolts	Ext.	64	Stainless steel
Nuts	Ext.	128	Stainless steel
Washers	Ext.	128	Stainless steel
Brackets	Ext.	32	PP

### 1.3 Comparability

EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with the EN 15804+A1.

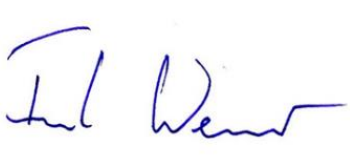
### 1.4 Demonstration of verification

**CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR**

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Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to EN ISO 14025:2010

internal
  external



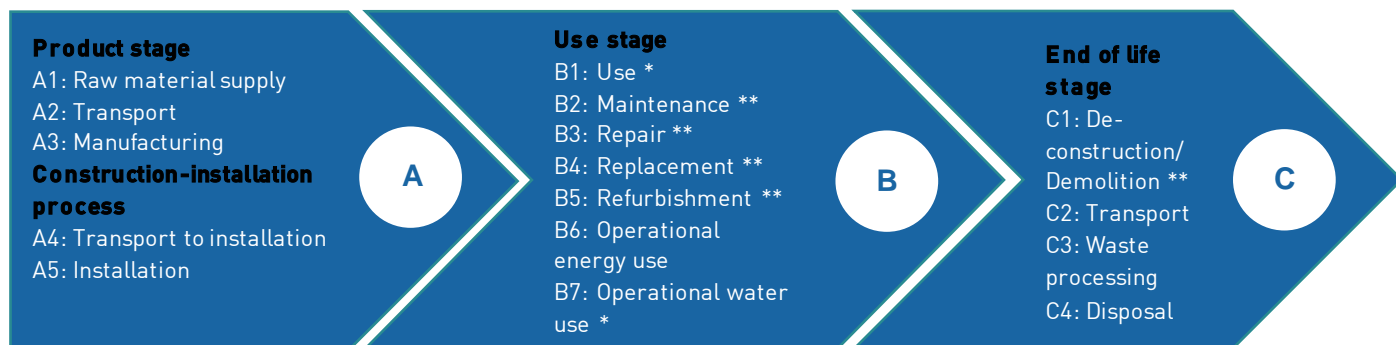
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## 2. Declaration of environmental parameters derived from LCA

### 2.1 Flow diagram of the processes included in the LCA



\* Stage not relevant, \*\* Environmental impact below cut-off criteria. Please refer to chapter 2.3 for details.

### 2.2 Parameters describing environmental impacts

Impact category	Global warming	Ozone depletion	Acidification of soil and water	Eutrophication	Photochemical ozone creation	Abiotic depletion - non fossil	Abiotic depletion - fossil
							
	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kg CFC-11 eq	kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq	kg PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup> eq	kg C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> eq	kg Sb eq	MJ
A1-3 Product stage	1.84E+04	3.03E-03	1.26E+02	2.41E+01	8.33E+00	3.96E-01	4.09E+05
A4 Transport to installation	6.52E+03	1.20E-03	2.42E+01	4.13E+00	1.04E+00	2.23E-03	9.43E+04
A5 Installation	2.45E+02	4.10E-06	4.50E-01	1.25E-01	5.07E-02	1.16E-04	1.31E+03
B1-5 Use, Maintenance, Repair, Replacement, Refurbishment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B6 Operational energy use	1.03E+07	7.47E-02	4.55E+04	4.70E+03	1.70E+03	2.00E+00	9.13E+07
B7 Operational water use	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
C1 De-construction/ Demolition	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
C2 Transport to end-of-life treatment	3.37E+02	5.49E-05	1.07E+00	1.72E-01	5.74E-02	1.62E-03	4.98E+03
C3 Waste processing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
C4 Disposal	5.08E+02	1.08E-05	2.35E-01	1.05E-01	8.67E-02	4.93E-05	9.17E+02

## 2.3 Scenarios and additional technical information

The analyzed case represents an exemplary system for the transport of sea water to a power plant where it is used for process cooling.

Product stage	
A1	The production of the plastic raw material was modeled by generic European data (source: ecoinvent) and complemented by specific data from GF Piping Systems to consider the company specific formulation of the raw material.
A2	Wherever possible, the specific transport distances were taken into account. Data from ecoinvent with the respective parameters was used to model the transportation.
A3	The use of energy is the most important input for this process step. Pipes are extruded while fittings and valve parts are injection moulded. Each of GF Piping Systems' worldwide production sites is certified according to ISO 14001 (Environmental management systems) and to OHSAS 18001 (Occupational health and safety management systems) or is currently in the certification process. For the production of GF Piping Systems components, electricity mixes for the respective country/continent were used. The production of external products was modeled using generic ecoinvent data records for the process.
Construction process	
A4	The system is installed in Jiaxing (near Shanghai), China. Pipes, bends 90° and flange adapters, brackets as well as bolts, nuts and washers are transported over a distance of 127 km by means of a truck directly to the installation site. Measuring instruments are transported by air freight (10 885 km) and truck (127 km) to the installation site. The other components are first transported by truck to storage: Installation fittings (150 km), backing flanges (560 km), bends 45° (130 km), butterfly valves (456 km), check valves (250 km), brackets (700 km). Afterwards they are transported by air (9 262 km) and truck (127 km) to the installation site. For all transportations by truck the ecoinvent data record "Transport, freight, lorry 16-32 metric ton, EURO5 {RER} transport, freight, lorry 16-32 metric ton, EURO5   Cut-off, U" was used. Loading capacity is 60%.
A5	For the installation of the whole system 72 kWh welding energy (Chinese electricity mix) is needed. Furthermore, specific cleaner (0.2 kg/FU) is necessary. The cleaner is transported by truck (1 027 km) and air freight (9 262 km) to the installation site. Outputs of the complete installation of the system are PE pipe left over (5 kg/FU) and packaging waste (118 kg/FU) whereof 77% is cardboard. All waste is going to landfill. Transport distance to landfill is assumed to be 200 km. Transport is carried out by truck.
Use stage	
B1	There are no further environmental impacts arising from the use of the system. This stage is considered as not relevant.
B2-B5	The system is designed to be operated without repair, maintenance, replacement or refurbishment during the reference service life. This is subject to the condition that the system is operated according to the specifications given by GF Piping Systems. The lifetime of a valve is mainly influenced by the actuation cycles. The number of actuation cycles the valves are tested for is not reached during the life time of the evaluated system. It is possible that in individual cases components of the valve (e.g. seals) must be replaced. In this case the environmental impact is negligible compared to the impact of the whole system and below the cut-off criteria defined in EN 15804+A1.
B6	The operational energy use of the system is an important stage because of the long reference service life of 25 years. 10 082 200 kWh of energy (ecoinvent dataset: Electricity, medium voltage {CN}) market group for   Cut-off, U) for the pump during the use stage is necessary per functional unit.
B7	No operational water use is necessary for the system. This stage is considered as not relevant.
End of life stage	
C1	A small energy input is needed to cut the pipe into smaller pieces. The environmental impact is negligible compared to the impact of the whole system and below the cut-off criteria defined in EN 15804+A1.
C2	Transportation to the end of life treatment facilities is carried out by truck. Distances to recycling and landfill are 200 km.
C3	All metal parts of the system – in total 2 419 kg – are recycled.
C4	All other parts – in total 4 146 kg – are going to landfill.

## Reference service life data

Parameter	Data
Reference service life	25 years System components are compliant with relevant international standards, e.g. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EN (European Standards)</li> <li>• ISO (International Organization for Standardization)</li> <li>• BS (British Standard)</li> <li>• ASTM (American Society for Testing and Materials)</li> <li>• JIS (Japan Industrial Standard)</li> </ul>
Declared product properties	Most relevant standards are: ISO 15494      Plastics piping systems for industrial applications - Polybutene (PB), Polyethylene (PE) and Polypropylene (PP) - Specifications for components and the system ISO 16136      Industrial valves - Butterfly valves of thermoplastics materials ISO 16137      Industrial valves - Check valves of thermoplastics materials EN 12201      Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drainage and sewerage under pressure - Polyethylene (PE)

PE-100 characteristics	Value	Test standard
Operating temperature range	-50 °C to + 60 °C	
UV resistant	yes	
Density	0.95 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	EN ISO 1183 - 1
Yield stress at 23 °C	25 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	EN ISO 527 - 1
Tensile e-modulus at 23 °C	900 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	EN ISO 527 - 1
Charpy notched impact strength at 23 °C	83 kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	EN ISO 179 - 1/1eA
Charpy notched impact strength at -40 °C	13 kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	EN ISO 179 - 1/1eA
Ball indentation hardness (132 N)	37 MPa	EN ISO 2039 - 1
Crystallite melting point	130 °C	DIN 51007
Heat conductivity at 23 °C	0.38 W/m K	EN 12664
Water absorption at 23 °C	0.01-0.04%	EN ISO 62

Design application parameters

For more information, please refer to the planning fundamentals which are available at: [gfps.com > support & services > Planning Assistance > Planning Fundamentals > Industrial Piping Systems](https://gfps.com/support-services/planning-assistance/planning-fundamentals/industrial-piping-systems)

Assumed quality of work	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Constant water supply without interrupting operations</li> <li>• Leakproof system reduces water losses</li> <li>• Flexibility of plastics pipes minimizes the risk of water hammer</li> <li>• No corrosion and no incrustation reduces maintenance to a minimum</li> </ul>
Outdoor environment	The system is installed in Jiaxing (near Shanghai) where the following outdoor parameters apply: Average air temperature:      17°C Average water temperature:    17°C Average hours of sunshine/day: 5h
Usage conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SDR 11</li> <li>• PN 16</li> <li>• Flow rate 2.5 m/s</li> </ul>
Maintenance	The system is designed to be operated without repair, maintenance, replacement or refurbishment. This is subject to the condition that the system is installed and operated according to the specifications given by GF Piping Systems. Please refer also to chapter 2.3.

## 2.4 Parameters describing resource use

Parameters describing resource use, primary energy	Product stage	Construction process stage			Use stage			End of life			
	Total (of product stage)	Transport	Construction installation process	Use, Maintenance, Repair, Replacement, Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction / Demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	
											A1-3
Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ, net calorific value	2.77E+04	5.12E+02	8.29E+01	0	9.13E+06	0	0	6.35E+01	0	3.04E+01
Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials		3.55E+02	0	5.84E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)		2.81E+04	5.12E+02	8.35E+01	0	9.13E+06	0	0	6.35E+01	0	3.04E+01
Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials		2.64E+05	9.56E+04	1.11E+03	0	9.44E+07	0	0	5.09E+03	0	9.87E+02
Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials		1.72E+05	0	2.59E+02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)		4.36E+05	9.56E+04	1.36E+03	0	9.44E+07	0	0	5.09E+03	0	9.87E+02

Parameters describing resource use, secondary materials and fuels, and use of water	Product stage	Construction process stage			Use stage			End of life			
	Total (of product stage)	Transport	Construction installation process	Use, Maintenance, Repair, Replacement, Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction / Demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	
											A1-3
Use of secondary material*	kg	1.37E+03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Use of renewable secondary fuels*	MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Use of non-renewable secondary fuels*	MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net use of fresh water	m <sup>3</sup>	2.74E+02	1.11E+01	4.14E-01	0	1.44E+04	0	0	8.08E-01	0	1.14E+00

\*Only for foreground process from which LCI data are made available by GF Piping Systems - the number does not include processes and materials modelled by means of background data, e.g. transportation, electricity, ancillary materials, etc.



## 2.5 Environmental information describing output flows

Other environmental information describing output flows		Product stage	Construction process stage			Use stage			End of life		
		Total (of product stage)	Transport	Construction installation process	Use, Maintenance, Repair, Replacement, Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction / Demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal
		<b>A1-3</b>	<b>A4</b>	<b>A5</b>	<b>B1-B5</b>	<b>B6</b>	<b>B7</b>	<b>C1</b>	<b>C2</b>	<b>C3</b>	<b>C4</b>
Components for re-use*	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for recycling*	kg	4.15E+01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.42E+03
Materials for energy recovery*	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported energy - electricity*	MJ per energy carrier	3.67E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported energy - thermal energy*	MJ per energy carrier	7.75E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

\*Only for foreground process from which LCI data are made available by GF Piping Systems - the number does not include processes and materials modelled by means of background data, e.g. transportation, electricity, ancillary materials, etc.

Other environmental information describing waste categories		Product stage	Construction process stage			Use stage			End of life		
		Total (of product stage)	Transport	Construction installation process	Use, Maintenance, Repair, Replacement, Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction / Demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal
		<b>A1-3</b>	<b>A4</b>	<b>A5</b>	<b>B1-B5</b>	<b>B6</b>	<b>B7</b>	<b>C1</b>	<b>C2</b>	<b>C3</b>	<b>C4</b>
Hazardous waste disposed		4.84E-01	3.22E-02	1.55E-03	0	1.58E+02	0	0	4.01E-03	0	4.17E-04
Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	7.61E+03	4.30E+02	1.36E+02	0	8.87E+05	0	0	1.77E+02	0	4.15E+03
Radioactive waste disposed		4.66E-01	6.81E-01	2.35E-03	0	5.49E+01	0	0	3.34E-02	0	6.57E-03



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